

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Maxx Stripe Handicap Blue

Other means of identification

Product Code 8060, 8062, 8068

Recommended use Not available.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name Tifco Industries, Inc.

Address PO Box 40277
Houston, TX 77240
United States

Telephone 281-571-6000

Emergency phone number Chemtrec Phone 800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 2
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Rinse mouth. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES		64742-89-8	10 to <20
CALCIUM CARBONATE		1317-65-3	10 to <20
PROPANE		74-98-6	10 to <20
ETHYL ACETATE		141-78-6	5 to <10
N-BUTANE		106-97-8	1 to <5
PETROLEUM NAPHTHA		8032-32-4	1 to <5
PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER ACETATE		108-65-6	1 to <5
XYLENE		1330-20-7	1 to <5
ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4	0.1 to <1
METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME		96-29-7	0.1 to <1
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE QUARTZ		14808-60-7	0.1 to <1
TITANIUM DIOXIDE		13463-67-7	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable levels			40 to <50

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Not likely, due to the form of the product. Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards

Flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage**Precautions for safe handling**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 1 Aerosol.

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits****US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
CALCIUM CARBONATE (CAS 1317-65-3)	PEL	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m ³	Total dust.
ETHYL ACETATE (CAS 141-78-6)	PEL	1400 mg/m ³	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	400 ppm	
		435 mg/m ³	
PROPANE (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	100 ppm	
		1800 mg/m ³	

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	1000 ppm 15 mg/m3	Total dust.
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3 100 ppm	

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3 2.4 mppcf	Respirable. Respirable.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
ETHYL ACETATE (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	400 ppm	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL TWA	150 ppm 100 ppm	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
CALCIUM CARBONATE (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
ETHYL ACETATE (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	1400 mg/m3	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	400 ppm 545 mg/m3	
	TWA	125 ppm 435 mg/m3 100 ppm	
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3 800 ppm	
PETROLEUM NAPHTHA (CAS 8032-32-4)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
PROPANE (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	350 mg/m3 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Type	Value
METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME (CAS 96-29-7)	TWA	36 mg/m3
PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER ACETATE (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA	10 ppm 50 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER ACETATE (CAS 108-65-6) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves.

Other Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Aerosol. Liquefied gas.

Color Not available.

Odor Not available.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -305.68 °F (-187.6 °C) estimated

Initial boiling point and boiling range -43.78 °F (-42.1 °C) estimated

Flash point 201.0 °F (93.9 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) 2.4 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper (%) 9.5 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 1971.12 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	800 °F (426.67 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	7.67 lbs/gal
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Flammable IA estimated
Heat of combustion (NFPA 30B)	13.07 kJ/g estimated
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	75.05
Specific gravity	0.92
VOC	393.42 g/l Material 559.71 g/l Regulatory 3.28 lbs/gal Material 4.67 lbs/gal Regulatory

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens. Fluorine.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed.

Components	Species	Test Results
ETHYL ACETATE (CAS 141-78-6)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	16000 ppm, 6 Hours
LD50	Mouse	1500 ppm, 4 Hours
	Rabbit	2500 ppm, 4 Hours
	Rat	4000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	0.44 g/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
	Rabbit	4.9 g/kg
	Rat	11.3 ml/kg
		5.6 g/kg
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	680 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Rat	658 mg/l, 4 Hours
PETROLEUM NAPHTHA (CAS 8032-32-4)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	3400 mg/l, 4 Hours
PROPANE (CAS 74-98-6)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 1442.847 mg/l, 15 Minutes
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	3907 mg/l, 6 Hours
	Rat	6350 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg
	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

SILICA, CRYSTALLINE QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
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Reproductive toxicity	Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic effects	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components	Species	Test Results
ETHYL ACETATE (CAS 141-78-6)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Indian catfish (<i>Heteropneustes fossilis</i>) 200.32 - 225.42 mg/l, 96 hours
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Daphnia magna</i>) 1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) 7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME (CAS 96-29-7)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) 777 - 914 mg/l, 96 hours
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Daphnia magna</i>) > 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Mummichog (<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>) > 1000 mg/l, 96 hours
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>) 7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

ETHYL ACETATE	0.73
ETHYLBENZENE	3.15
N-BUTANE	2.89
PROPANE	2.36
XYLENE	3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information**DOT**

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	UN1950, Aerosols, Flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	N82
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None

IATA

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, Flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	No.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.

IMDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, Flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	Not available.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

DOT

**General information**

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

15. Regulatory information**US federal regulations**

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

ETHYL ACETATE (CAS 141-78-6)	Listed.
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)	Listed.
PROPANE (CAS 74-98-6)	Listed.
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes
	Delayed Hazard - Yes
	Fire Hazard - Yes
	Pressure Hazard - No
	Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
XYLENE	1330-20-7	1 to <5
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	0.1 to <1

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)

PROPANE (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

ETHYL ACETATE (CAS 141-78-6)

Low priority

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES (CAS 64742-89-8)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)
PETROLEUM NAPHTHA (CAS 8032-32-4)
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

CALCIUM CARBONATE (CAS 1317-65-3)
ETHYL ACETATE (CAS 141-78-6)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)
PROPANE (CAS 74-98-6)
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

CALCIUM CARBONATE (CAS 1317-65-3)
ETHYL ACETATE (CAS 141-78-6)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)
PETROLEUM NAPHTHA (CAS 8032-32-4)
PROPANE (CAS 74-98-6)
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

CALCIUM CARBONATE (CAS 1317-65-3)
ETHYL ACETATE (CAS 141-78-6)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)
PETROLEUM NAPHTHA (CAS 8032-32-4)
PROPANE (CAS 74-98-6)
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

ETHYL ACETATE (CAS 141-78-6)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
N-BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)
PROPANE (CAS 74-98-6)
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4)	Listed: February 21, 2003
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed: June 11, 2004
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)	Listed: October 1, 1988
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	Listed: September 2, 2011

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	08-05-2015
Revision date	12-08-2017
Version #	07
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Disclaimer

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